Good officers who know their jobs are the key to a solid, successful 4-H club meeting. Good officers understand and take pride in their jobs. They encourage all members to get involved in the club.

You, as leader, can help club officers and committee chairs to do their jobs successfully.

- Be sure the officers understand their responsibilities.
- Allow them to do their jobs with minimal supervision.
- Guide them when necessary to make sure their jobs are completed.

A good president helps everyone in the club work together. The president listens to ideas and judges when the group has agreed on an action, but does not dictate!

The president:

- presides at meetings (refer to Running a Smooth 4-H Business Meeting).
- sees that the room is ready and that the meeting starts on time.
- arranges for the vice president to take over if the president can’t be there.
- asks for volunteers and/or appoints committees with the help of the leader.
works with members and the leader to plan a program for the year.

meets with the leader and the other officers to plan the order of business for each meeting.

casts the deciding vote in case of a tie.

The Vice President is the president’s assistant and:

• presides at meetings when the president is absent.

• handles other jobs in the club, such as serving as chair of the program committee.

The Secretary keeps records of membership, club activities (minutes) and handles club correspondence.

The secretary:

• keeps minutes of all club meetings—what is done, not said. (Refer to Running a Smooth Business Meeting.)

• maintains a complete list of all members and calls the roll.

• reads letters to the club at meetings.

• reminds members of special meetings—by phone, postcard, or personal contact. Makes sure each member knows when and where the next meeting will be held.

• writes the club’s correspondence, such as thank you letters and requests for information.

• completes and sends 4-H Club Meeting Report to the county 4-H office (See Appendix F for sample.).

• turns a completed 4-H secretary’s book over to the club leader.
The treasurer is responsible for handling the club’s money.

- Receives and keeps a record of money in the 4-H Treasurer’s Book.
- Deposits the money in a special club bank account.
- Pays out money only when approved by the club. (Refer to *Fund Raising and 4-H Club Treasuries*.)

**Committees**

Most 4-H clubs can benefit from committees. Committees help all members become actively involved in the club. Following are suggestions of club committees:

**Program Committee** finds speakers, films, and special resources for club meetings and activities. They always check with the leader.

**Membership Committee** helps the group grow by recruiting members and leaders for their own or other clubs.

**Community Service Committee** talks with parents, members, and neighbors to identify community needs and present the ideas for projects to the club.

**Special Jobs**

Club reporter, song leader, or sergeant-at-arms are special job assignments for non-officers.

**Nominating and Electing Officers**

Nominations and elections are important club business. Tell the members about the election ahead of time. They can then be thinking about the kinds of officers they want. Make sure everyone knows the duties of each office.
Two ways to nominate officers:

**Floor**

One is to have members suggest someone for an office during the election meeting. The member says, “I nominate for.” A nomination can be made to show support.

**Committee**

The other way is for the president to appoint a nominating committee. The committee chooses candidates for each office and asks them to run. The committee chair presents its nominations to the club during a meeting. Other nominations can then be made from the floor.

When there are no more nominations, a member says, “I move to close the nominations.” If the motion is carried, the members then vote on the candidates.

Voting for officers is usually by ballot. It takes a majority—one vote over half—to be elected. If you have 17 members a majority is 9.

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**Reference:**

*Bulletin 609, Washington State University*